In 2014-15, MCRCD welcomed Patricia Hickey as its new Executive Director. Ms. Hickey has brought to the District a strong background in agricultural land conservation, natural resource management, and community planning. She spent her first year working hard to develop MCRCD’s agricultural program, as well as incubating a new forest health program in partnership with USDA NRCS and the Mendocino County Fire Safe Council. The District also welcomed Chris Bartow onto its staff as a full-time Grazing Manager for the Willits Bypass Offsite Mitigation Project. Mr. Bartow has many years of experience managing livestock on both private and public lands. He looks forward to managing and monitoring the conservation values on the offsite mitigation lands in Little Lake Valley.

MCRCD joined groups across the world to celebrate the International Year of Soils in 2015. The 68th session of the United Nations General Assembly designated 2015 for a yearlong soils celebration as a way to increase public understanding of the importance of soil for food security and healthy ecosystems. To mark the occasion, MCRCD, USDA NRCS, the University of California Cooperative Extension, and Mendocino Winegrowers Inc. established a new Soil Health Initiative. The partners share the common goal of promoting soil health practices among agricultural producers in Mendocino County in order to help them achieve multiple environmental and economic benefits. The partnership was nominated to participate in a Soil Health On-Farm Education and Demonstration Network underway in California.

MCRCD is proud of its continued commitment to building state and regional RCD organizational capacity working with the California Association of Resource Conservation Districts (CARCD) and as a member of the North Coast Area Group. In the Spring of 2015, MCRCD Board Director, Peter Braudrick, became the Chair of the North Coast Region and will be representing the area and our natural resource concerns at quarterly CARCD meetings in Sacramento. MCRCD organized and held a two-day Spring 2015 regional meeting at the beautiful Yokayo Ranch with lots of support from Julia Frech and her staff.

Each year, MCRCD broadens its partnerships and services to continue meeting the needs of county residents, businesses, and our organizational partners. This year, we welcomed the Mendocino County Fire Safe Council (FSC) to share our office space and resources as part of a larger effort to increase the county’s capacity to prevent catastrophic wildfire and to improve forest health. In the coming months, we hope to hire a forestry professional to expand our technical and financial assistance to landowners.

Along with all the new, MCRCD’s dedicated professional staff will continue to focus District resources on fisheries habitat restoration, water conservation, invasive species management, and erosion control projects.
As part of the **Garcia TMDL Implementation, Phase II Project**, MCRCD partnered with three land owners in the Upper Garcia River Watershed through funding from a USDA NRCS Cooperative Conservation Planning Initiative to assess sediment sources from rural roads on the properties. The next phase of implementation work, with funding from the State Water Resources Control Board, will allow MCRCD to implement 13 miles of road upgrades and improvements on 170 sites to meet TMDL regulatory requirements. Preliminary work began in spring 2014 and is continuing through fall 2016. More than 17,000 cubic yards of sediment will be prevented from entering salmon-bearing streams. Completion of Phase II will bring over 75% of the watershed into TMDL compliance.

The **Handbook for Forest, Ranch, and Rural Roads** is the go-to publication for best management practices (BMPs) for progressive road design and maintenance. The 2015 revised edition, printed by MCRCD in both English and Spanish, is widely acclaimed and recommended by the CA Department of Fish and Wildlife, the North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board, and the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CAL FIRE). Periodically, MCRCD hosts workshops for landowners, land stewards (managers), and equipment operators covering topics in this book.

Funding for the **Bluewaterhole Creek Road Sediment Control Project**, if awarded, will allow MCRCD to expand ongoing work in the Bluewaterhole Creek subwatershed of the Garcia River basin. A new classification through the CA Department of Fish and Wildlife’s Fisheries Restoration Grant Program targets forest-related landscapes with legacy land-use challenges. Roads, fish-passage barriers and large wood augmentation in Mendocino County are considered a priority focus for these funds. Contact MCRCD to learn more about restoration opportunities on forest lands.

**Garcia River Watershed:**

Above, an undersized culvert was replaced with a 54” diameter culvert in the stream crossing to accommodate a 100-year storm event.
Navarro River Watershed

The Robinson Creek Restoration Project is a Caltrans mitigation revegetation project. MCRCD removed invasive vegetation and replanted at 6 sites: Anderson Valley Elementary School, the Mendocino County Fairgrounds, the Boonville Hotel, Vicki Center’s, the McClure/Burnstad’s, and O’Halloran’s properties. The project is monitored for invasive regrowth and plant survival. It will be on-going through 2018.

The Navarro Headwaters TMDL Implementation Project began in 2012 and will be completed in 2016. This project upgrades 6.5 miles on Galbreath Wildlands Preserve (GWP), installs one-acre of riparian planting on GWP that will serve as a demonstration site. Native plant material was collected on site and propagated by contract at a native plant nursery in Anderson Valley. Due to drought conditions, MCRCD staff have identified additional volunteer seedlings for browse protection to augment plantings.

Coho salmon returned to Neefus Gulch Coho Habitat Enhancement Project in December 2014. MCRCD installed large woody debris at 15 sites along 0.4 miles of the lower creek. The project was a collaboration with Mendocino Redwood Company and USDA NRCS. A second phase is proposed to address upstream fish barriers, in partnership with Trout Unlimited and Rancho Navarro Homeowner’s Association.

The Mendocino Headwaters Integrated Water Quality Enhancement Project improves fish passage by upgrading seven bridges and undersized culverts on the GWP and a neighboring property along Rancheria Creek. Bridges were installed in summer 2015, and planting will be completed in
Navarro River Watershed continued:

Building Capacity to Support Coho Recovery in the Navarro River Watershed continues through 2015. This project has allowed staff to conduct outreach and develop projects that meet the CA Dept. of Fish and Wildlife’s requirements for coho recovery. Funding was awarded in 2015 for both Flynn Creek and John Smith Creek Coho Habitat Enhancement Projects. Funding secured in 2014 through a State Water Resources Control Board 319(h) grant will prioritize up to 60 miles of roads for upgrading, and of those, approximately 30 to 35 miles will be inventoried, including those identified in the lower Navarro. In addition, MCRCD collaborated with Trout Unlimited and The Nature Conservancy to address fish passage barriers and flow enhancement in Neefus Gulch (Phase II) in the North Fork Navarro sub watershed.

Working Landscapes Riparian Enhancement Project: The Denmark Creek Fish Barrier Removal and Riparian Habitat Enhancement, Phase II is one component of the Working Landscapes Project, funded by the California Department of Water Resources. The project included removing a 100 foot long culvert, laying back both banks, installing log/boulder structures, and revegetating with native species at an abandoned Highway 128 crossing located between Boonville and Philo. The Denmark Creek Fish Barrier Removal Project is also being funded through the CA Natural Resources Agency’s Environmental Enhancement and Mitigation Program. Implementation will occur September-October 2015, with monitoring to extend to March 2017.
Eel River Watershed

The **Capacity Building to Restore Coho Salmon in Outlet & Ten-mile Creeks Project** was completed in March 2015. This grant supported staff to work with landowners in these subwatersheds to develop restoration projects that meet CDFW goals to enhance coho salmon habitat. Staff conducted meetings and workshops in both subwatersheds, and worked with over 30 landowners on various resource concerns. Proposals under consideration for funding include: road upgrades in Grub and Cahto Creeks, and riparian fencing in Baechtel and Big Rock Creeks. A collaboration was developed with Trout Unlimited and the Center for Environmental Management and Restoration to establish a storage tank and forbearance program in the Outlet Creek basin.

The **Willits Bypass Mitigation Project** took an active turn in 2014-15. In January 2015, MCRCD hired Grazing Manager, Chris Bartow, to work full-time overseeing the transition in land management from Caltrans to MCRCD. Though Caltrans will continue managing restoration of the 2,087-acres of offsite mitigation lands, MCRCD took over management responsibilities for the grazing lands in July 2015. Our staff will also be responsible for conducting an annual stream assessment to identify erosion sites, debris jams, invasive species, as well as habitat improvements resulting from the on-going restoration project.

Caltrans create a non-wasting endowment through the National Fish & Wildlife Foundation as a permanent source of funding for the management and monitoring on the mitigation lands. MCRCD was signatory to the Endowment Agreement, as well as a new 10-year contract to provide necessary on-the-ground land management services.

In April, 2015, MCRCD entered into a contract with CDFW to implement the **Cahto Creek Coho Salmon Habitat Enhancement Project**. This project involves installation of five complex log structures on Cahto Creek, on property owned by the Cahto Tribe. This marks the first CDFW project on Cahto Tribal land. Cahto Creek receives annual runs of Chinook salmon and steelhead trout, and the documented presence of all three cohorts of coho salmon. This is the only tributary to Tenmile Creek known to currently host the full contingent of salmonid species and cohorts.

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**Russian River Watershed:**

The Working Landscapes Riparian Enhancement Project includes *Arundo donax* eradication in the Upper Russian River Watershed. MCRCD will eradicate approximately 24,000 square feet of *Arundo* along the mainstem Russian River. The first cutting of standing biomass is expected to occur in the fall of 2015. In July 2016, continued treatment will include cutting any new growth of *Arundo* followed by direct application of herbicide to the freshly cut stalks. Two willow/brush mattresses will be installed along the top of the river bank at the upstream end of the site.

The Forsythe Creek Sediment Reduction Project was completed during the field season of 2014, and the final report was accepted by the Dept. of Water Resources in July 2015. The project upgraded 14.6 miles of road, preventing an estimated 48,826 cubic yards of sediment from entering the stream system. This project evolved from the Forsythe Creek Watershed Assessment (2004-05), leveraging two subsequent phases of implementation funding to upgrade ranch roads on multiple ownerships to handle a 100-year storm event. Design and installation of the Mill Creek Bridge on Reeves Canyon Road marked the highest visibility component of this multi-year project. This project involved a partnership between USDA NRCS, Mendocino County CDOT, CA Dept. of Fish and Wildlife, MCRCD, and the landowners. The majority of funding was provided by the North Coast Resource Partnership, Caltrans, USDA NRCS, CDFW, and MCDOT.

The Forsythe Creek Floodplain Restoration and Riparian Habitat Enhancement Project has been in the planning stage since June 2014. The focus area is a 12-acre floodplain that is currently disconnected from the active channel of the stream due to management activities over the last few decades. Results have been disastrous for adjacent landowners, aquatic habitat and the riparian community. Engineered plans to reconnect a portion of the floodplain will reduce erosion, increase riparian habitat, and restore salmonid spawning habitat that once existed here.
Russian River Watershed continued:

Fish Passage Design Projects are in Progress in the Upper Russian River Watershed on Mill Creek and Orrs Creek. The Mill Creek site in Talmage consists of removing a 60-inch concrete culvert and apron, installing a bridge, and stabilizing the channel to prevent headcut erosion from occurring upstream. The Orrs Creek site consists of modifying two steel check dams that exist approximately 0.3 miles upstream from the Russian River confluence. Both projects are funded by the CDFW Fisheries Restoration Grant Program and will conclude into 2016.

The Mendocino Jumpstart Integrated Water Plan began in 2013 and is being implemented in partnership with Mendocino College. The project includes educational components covering topics associated with water conservation, LID (Low Impact Development), and sustainability that will be implemented on the college campus. Irrigation upgrades, turf to xeric conversions, and rainwater catchment are in various stages of completion, and have been used to inform existing class curricula as well as community workshops. Construction of a wetland/vernal pool complex will begin in fall 2015, and will include participation by the college’s Native Plant Nursery and botany students. This project is timely and relevant given the State’s extended drought conditions and the public’s new awareness of limited water resources.

The Watershed Coordinator Program grant was completed in November 2014. MCRCD staff focused the final year of program efforts on drought-related issues. MCRCD Watershed Coordinators completed 16 restoration and water conservation projects (working with 12 landowners), held educational workshops on a wide range of water conservation issues, and significantly expanded MCRCD’s partnership network. In particular, MCRCD is now working with the County of Mendocino on groundwater elevation monitoring and stormwater pollution prevention.
**Russian River Watershed continued:**

**Redwood Valley Sediment Reduction Project** is a Redwood Valley Community Water District mitigation project that began in 2012 on the site of the Redwood Valley Outdoor Education Project. MCRCD staff have been implementing invasive vegetation removal and bank stabilization techniques at RVOEP and just upstream of that site. The invasive *vinca* has been largely brought under control and current work focusses on maintenance and native plant re-establishment.

**Geyerville Mitigation Projects:** In fiscal year 2014/15, project work was limited to existing projects such as: invasive plant removal retreatment at RVOEP, monitoring revegetation at Feliz Creek dam removal site, monitoring *Arundo donax* removal sites, and revegetation at the Mill Creek bridge installation site. The mitigation fund has been used as a cash match source for the Orrs Creek and Mill Creek Fish Passage Designs, Mill Creek Bridge Installation, and Feliz Creek dam removal.

**Eastside Potter Valley Road—Mitigation Fence Installation Project**

The Mendocino County Department of Transportation contracted with MCRCD to secure a contractor and manage the installation of a 600-foot fence at a mitigation site in Potter Valley (photo on left).

The **Mendocino County Department of Transportation Eastside Potter Valley Road Mitigation Project** will create an outdoor education program for Potter Valley schools at a nearby conservation easement property as mitigation for the removal of approximately 800 trees for purposes of widening and realigning East Potter Valley Road. MCRCD has initiated planning with the teachers, provided sample curricula, solicited donations for program supplies, helped establish a planning committee and worked with the landowners of the property to arrange site visits. MCRCD is also developing a guide for continuation of the program and identifying additional funding opportunities.
**Multi-Watershed Projects**

The **Conservation Partners Grant** funded through USDA NRCS expired in December, 2014. MCRCD’s project, **Working Landscapes for Salmonid Habitat Enhancement**, provided funding for staff to work with USDA NRCS to help increase participation in a federal conservation cost-share program for landowners in the Garcia, Navarro, and Russian, and Eel River watersheds. In partnership with USDA NRCS, MCRCD staff have delivered numerous workshops, met with landowners and agencies, and developed projects. Federal Farm Bill funding in these watersheds increased by 25%.

The **Mendocino County Planning Grant** funding was secured through the North Coast Resource Partnership enabling MCRCD staff to work with the County Building and Planning Department to review the County’s Ukiah Valley Area Plan and other planning documents and make recommendations to roll them into the North Coast Resource Partnership planning documents. Additional funds were provided to help bring the County into CASGEM (CA Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring) compliance. In order for the County and water purveyors in the county to be eligible for funds through the Dept. of Water Resources (DWR) and potentially other state agencies, the County is required to be CASGEM compliant. The water agency had provided a plan to DWR that excluded the Ukiah Valley, the only area that DWR is currently interested in. MCRCD worked with the County and MCWA to bring well owners on board with CASGEM and secure the minimum number of wells for an updated CASGEM plan. The plan was submitted at the end of June by the County and is still under review but believed by DWR to have all the elements necessary for compliance.
The Mendocino County Water Emergency Preparedness Planning Grant enabled MCRCD to work with tribal and small water suppliers throughout the county to identify priorities and areas of need, provide planning for water conservation, and increase resiliency and capacity to respond to emergencies in the face of water uncertainty. MCRCD surveyed small districts to assess unmet needs, conducted water conservation workshops, trained tribal water suppliers to conduct home water audits, and assisted the suppliers to develop long-term water emergency plans. MCRCD also worked with the Rural Communities Assistance Corporation to expand the

Work on the Sustainable Growers Guide began in 2015. The guide is a project funded by the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB). With new regulation for cannabis cultivators, the guide will serve as a means of reaching out to the growing community to inform them of Best Management Practices for protecting watershed health and water quality. This project targets farmers of few acres who often do not know that the rules regarding water diversions, nutrient pollution, and sediment deposition also apply to them. Staff will collaborate with the Eel River Recovery Project to deliver workshops and written materials. The guide will be completed in early 2016.

MCRCD began CASGEM monitoring of groundwater elevation in the Ukiah Valley and Redwood Valley to enable the county to be eligible for state water funding. To date, there are 25 wells being monitored twice yearly. Four more wells will likely be added to the system in the near future. Though only 24 wells are required, MCRCD will keep recruiting until at least 35-40 wells are enrolled to ensure long-term compliance.
**Project Development 2014-15:**

In collaboration with multiple partners, MCRCD developed and submitted grant proposals for 14 projects throughout the year. Some were immediately funded, such as the County Planning Grant and the Water Emergency Preparedness Planning, some were rejected, and some results will not be announced until 2016.

- Big Rock Creek Riparian Fencing and Coho Habitat Enhancement - Notification due in March 2016
- Baechtel Creek Riparian Fencing and Coho Habitat Enhancement - Notification due in March 2016
- Cahto Creek Roads Improvement Project - Notification due in March 2016
- Grub Creek Road Improvement Project - Notification due in March 2016
- DROPS— Drought Response Outreach Program for Schools AVUSD LID Retrofit Program— Funded
- Prop 84 Round III- Implementing On-Farm Water Conservation Projects in the Navarro to Address Critical Low Flows— Funded
- The North Fork Navarro Flow Enhancement Feasibility Study— CDFW Fisheries Restoration Grant Program (FRGP) Notification due in March 2016

**Proposals submitted in partnership with other organizations:**

- Neefus Gulch Riparian Enhancement and Dam Removal Project Design & Feasibility Study with Trout Unlimited – FRGP, notification due in March 2016
- Carbon Farm Planning with Marin RCD – State Coastal Conservancy, Funded
- Mendocino County Sustainable Agricultural Lands Conservation Planning grant with Mendocino County Agricultural Commissioner’s Office — Department of Conservation, Funded

**Prop 84 Round III- Implementing On-Farm Water Conservation Projects in the Navarro to Address Critical Low Flows** — Funded, contracting to begin in December/January 2015-2016.

To provide relief from critically low summer base flows and water shortages in the Navarro River, MCRCD, working with Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) and The Nature Conservancy (TNC), proposes to implement (3) on-farm projects to achieve measurable water savings through improved irrigation and water storage BMPs. Community conflicts have accelerated in the Navarro River Watershed over the perceived misuse of water by the Agricultural Community during the record 4-year drought period. MCRCD will work with agricultural partners to implement water conservation/water-use efficiency projects to demonstrate water saving measures, including water storage and water-use efficiency, specifically in orchards and small farms. Projects include:

1. Implementing (3) water conservation/water use-efficiency projects: including installing (1) 40,000 gallon rainwater storage tank, upgrading (1) failing/faulty irrigation system, and retrofitting sprinkler heads on 13 acres of organic apple orchard, retrofitting (1) 61.1 acre commercial apple orchard to under-tree microsprayers, collectively resulting in 31.1 acre feet of annual water savings.

2. Conduct a series of (3) workshops and tours, targeting (90) landowners, that highlight BMPs, techniques and technologies demonstrating measurable water savings to other agricultural producers and landowners in the watershed.
Project Development cont’d

DROPS— Drought Response Outreach Program for Schools –State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB)
Funded— contracting November/December 2015
MCRCD assisted the Anderson Valley Unified School District (AVUSD) in writing a successful grant to install campus-wide stormwater management systems at the Anderson Valley Jr/Sr High School (AVHS) and the Anderson Valley Elementary School (AVES) sites. The program will include installing stormwater bio-retention basins, rainwater catchment tanks and rain gardens. The projects are located in high-visibility areas on both campuses. Stormwater at both campuses drain directly into adjoining creeks, Robinson Creek at AVHS, and Con Creek at AVES.

Goals of the project are to:
1. Increase infiltration of stormwater to reduce runoff to Robinson and Con Creeks
2. Involve students in design, installation, assessment and maintenance of low-impact design (LID) features
3. Demonstrate BMP’s to students, teachers and the public on stormwater management, low impact development and ways of increasing drought resiliency
4. Increase knowledge of basic watershed dynamics and proactive environmental problem solving among K-12 grades.

The North Fork Navarro Flow Enhancement Feasibility Study— CDFW Fisheries Restoration Grant Program (FRGP)
Notification due in March 2016
The purpose of the proposed design plan for The North Fork Navarro Flow Enhancement Feasibility Study is to develop recommendations for increasing summer instream flows by improving water management practices. MCRCD with assistance from TNC, NRCS, and Gold Ridge RCD will: 1) conduct a Flow Impairment Assessment including monitoring stream flows, assessing existing habitat conditions, and assessing existing water diversions and potential for enhancing stream flows by increasing storage capacity and eliminating summer diversions; 2) conduct a Feasibility Study wherein we will produce a human H2O use analysis, determine storage and forbearance project candidates, assess permitting and engineering requirements, and perform cost/benefit analysis of candidate projects; 3) complete Project Design and 5-year Implementation Plan for at least 2 storage and forbearance projects.

Mt. View Ranch Sediment Reduction Implementation Project – Garcia Watershed — Pending
Building on the success of the Garcia 319(h) EPA Clean Water Act funding, MCRCD applied for an additional $350,000 to the Fisheries Restoration Grant Program in partnership with PWA, to complete the major road improvements and decommissioning on this ranch. With 76% of the watershed in TMDL compliance, this project will complete MCRCD’s efforts in the watershed. Coho have been surveyed by the RWQCB staff in streams where they have never been seen before, indicating habitat quality has improved.

Flynn Creek – Navarro — Funded
The goal of the Flynn Creek Coho Habitat Enhancement Project is to increase instream habitat complexity and shelter values. The project will install 16 large wood structures throughout 0.8 miles of Flynn Creek and utilize a total of 35 pieces of wood, including 5 root wads and 8 logs obtained from direct felling. The Project represents a collaboration between Mendocino Redwood Company, CDFW, MCRCD and a private landowner, coordinated through an FRGP Capacity building grant for the Lower Navarro focus area. Implementation scheduled for 2016 field season.
**Project Development cont’d**

**Upper Rancheria Creek – Navarro** — Funded
Install 10 large woody debris structures on one mile length of stream in Upper Rancheria Creek to enhance perennial stream flows, increase pool habitat, sort spawning gravels, and offer protective cover to benefit the spawning and summer rearing life cycles of steelhead. Implementation scheduled for 2016 field season.

**Streeter Creek Road Improvement – Eel** — Denied
The Assessment of Streeter Creek Road project will assess approximately seven miles of road along Streeter and Tenmile Creeks (Laytonville) to identify treatments and associated costs for road upgrade efforts. Tenmile Creek and some of its tributaries maintain runs of coho and Chinook salmon and steelhead trout, and improving water quality in this watershed will benefit those protected species.

**Outlet Creek Fish Passage Design – Eel** — Denied
The Outlet Creek Fish Passage Design project will determine the best and most cost effective design to provide for fish passage at the flow measurement weir in Willits. Of special concern is the continued function of the flow measurement weir related to management of the wastewater treatment plant.

**Cahto Creek Coho Salmon Habitat Enhancement – Eel** — Funded
The Cahto Creek Habitat Enhancement project is a cooperative effort between MCRCD and the Cahto Trib. It will place five large wood structures in Cahto Creek to enhance scour, create complex habitat, and sort spawning gravels for salmonids. Cahto Creek maintains a run of coho salmon, which is the target species for restoration.

**The Muir Mill Road Assessment** — Denied
This project will inventory over five miles of road along Baechtel Creek in Willits to identify treatments and associated costs for road upgrading to reduce sediment deposition into the creek. Baechtel Creek maintains populations of coho and Chinook salmon and steelhead trout; reducing sediment input will improve water quality for these protected species. A residual effect is better constructed roads that reduce maintenance costs for landowners.
**Staff Training: Fiscal Year 2014/2015**

Staff participated in numerous development and capacity building trainings throughout the year.

- **Board Secretary Training** through CSDA provided an overview of the Brown Act, liability & compliance issues, records retention and rules of order.

- **Holistic Management Training of Trainers**— Two MCRCD staff members, Linda MacElwee and Patty Madigan, were selected to participate in a 3-year training program funded by a USDA’s Western SARE grant, through Holistic Management International (HMI) based in Albuquerque, NM. The average age for farmers in this country is over 60 and while some farms will pass on to the next generation, many will not. To keep working landscapes working, to store carbon and increase ag production by building soil—and good relationships, HMI supports conservation planning for the triple bottom line—the economic, social, and ecological benefits of working lands. Staff will focus on planned grazing as well as biological monitoring, whole farm planning, and financial planning throughout the 36-month program. They just completed year 2 and are working two local producers to develop holistic farm plans. Webinars are held monthly between HMI’s instructors and the participants from the western US, including Hawaii and Alaska.

- **Workshops** —
  - **Watershed Management Technical Assistance Program, including Monitoring and Adaptive Management Training and Watershed Restoration.** This workshop series was offered to Watershed Coordinators conducted by Dennis Bowker. The workshop covered designing and maintaining a watershed monitoring program, data analysis and use, communicating with stakeholders, and connecting results with outcomes.

- **Soil Health Forum— December 2014**

- **NRCS Soils Workshop— April 2015** This workshop focused on practices to enhance and protect soil health and water holding capacity such as cover cropping and no-till farming.